



The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has encouraged hospitals to develop an environmental cleaning and monitoring program to optimize the cleaning of high touch surfaces at terminal cleaning, as well as ensure quality control and improvement.^{1,2,3}

How to go from standards and guidelines to implementation of a routine quality control program?

There are five key components that go into the successful design and implementation of a routine cleaning monitoring program for environmental surfaces using the Clean-Trace ATP Monitoring System:

1. Design a test plan and determine test points.
2. Identify Pass/Fail thresholds.
3. Determine frequency of testing.
4. Establish meaningful metrics.
5. Track, trend and regularly review test result data.

1. Design a Test Plan and Determine Test Points

Test Points are identified as the specific item(s) to be tested. The list of test points make up the *Test Plan*.

Environmental monitoring test plans fall into three general categories:

- Routine audit of terminally cleaned patient rooms
- Operating rooms and high-risk areas
- Mobile patient care equipment

It is the responsibility of each health care facility to develop and implement policies and procedures that support its unique needs and comply with all applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards and industry recommended practices.

Neogen is providing this sampling guide as a resource. You are responsible for determining whether the recommendations contained herein are appropriate for your setting and whether they will enable you to comply with any governmental or facility requirements, and your facility's policies and protocols.

Neogen Test Plan Recommendations:

- Focus on those surfaces and equipment most at risk for cross-contamination.
- Take into consideration high-risk patient populations who are more susceptible to risk of infection.

Additional test point recommendations are listed in the Appendix.

Routine Audit of Terminally Cleaned Patient Rooms

A minimum of five (5) test points should be audited. Additional test points may be added based on facility considerations.

- Tray table
- Call box/button
- Room inner door knob
- Toilet flush handle
- Bed rails/controls

Routine Audit of Operating Room

A minimum of ten (10) test points should be audited. Additional test points may be added based on facility considerations.

- Telephone
- Overhead light
- Main OR light switch
- Main OR door push plate
- OR table surface
- Bed control
- Nurse computer keyboard
- Storage cabinet handles/knobs
- Anesthesia cart O₂/suction knobs
- IV pump control

Environmental Surfaces Implementation Guide for Routine Cleaning Monitoring

Neogen® Clean-Trace® ATP Monitoring System

High Risk Areas and Equipment

A minimum of ten (10) test points should be audited. Additional test points may be added based on facility considerations.

- Tray table
- Bed rails/controls
- Call box/button
- Room inner door knob
- Telephone
- Toilet flush handle
- Bathroom handrails by toilet
- Toilet seat
- IV pump control
- Mobile blood pressure cuff

2. Pass/Fail Threshold

Neogen recommends the following Pass/Fail thresholds for all test points. Threshold levels are supported in peer-reviewed clinical literature.^{4,5} These thresholds have been shown to be effective in reducing the risk associated with transmission of environmental pathogens (e.g. *Clostridium difficile*).⁶

Pass ≤ 250 RLU
Fail ≥ 251 RLU

3. Frequency of Testing

In order to obtain statistically valid feedback, sufficient data must be collected on a routine basis. Areas chosen for audit should represent day-to-day variation in cleaning procedures as well as include the cleaning efforts of all Environmental Services (EVS) staff members.

Routine Audit of Terminally Cleaned Patient Rooms and Operating Rooms

Every day, monitor 5% of terminally cleaned rooms (1 per every 20 discharges). Although some facilities do not consider the OR a high-risk area, it is recommended that each OR be monitored after every terminal cleaning.

Routine Audit of High Risk Areas and Mobile Equipment

Because of the high risk of pathogen transmission, every high-risk area, room and designated mobile equipment and mobile patient care equipment should be monitored after each terminal cleaning.

4. Establishing Metrics

The target metrics for the facility should reflect the cleaning monitoring program objectives and may evolve and change over time.

- % Pass/Fail of combined data for an overall view of cleaning effectiveness.
- % Pass/Fail by room number provides a means to target problem areas and surfaces.
- % Pass/Fail of high-risk areas, rooms and mobile equipment allows early identification of developing problems.
- % Pass/Fail by staff highlights training successes as well as identifies those needing to increase competency levels.

5. Track and Trend Test Result Data

To obtain actionable feedback, sufficient data sets must be collected if a true understanding of cleaning efficacy is to be achieved. The Neogen® Quality Control Data Manager provides an intuitive dashboard for quick, visual snapshots of cleaning performance and powerful reporting options to manage and communicate results.

Environmental surfaces should be monitored at the recommended frequency of testing so that any adverse trends can be detected in a timely manner. Neogen recommends that data be reviewed, at a minimum, once per week and preferably each day the system is used.

Using Monitoring Data to Improve Routine Cleaning of Environmental Surfaces

Monitoring data is typically used in two ways:

Quality Control: Monitoring results provide real-time feedback on cleaning efficacy. For areas undergoing routine audits, Neogen recommends 80% of the test points should show passing results. If greater than 20% of the test points fail, then the entire room should be re-cleaned and re-tested. For those high-risk areas, rooms and mobile equipment, all failing test points should be re-cleaned and re-tested until passing values are achieved.

Process Improvement: The collection of monitoring results over time offers the opportunity to gather statistically-valid data sets that can be used to improve environmental cleaning practices.

- Identify aging, damaged surfaces or equipment that are difficult to clean.
- Identify when cleaning processes are not being performed according to established procedures.
- Assess effectiveness of training and competency protocols by highlighting both successes and improvement opportunities.

References

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2. Siegel JD, Rhinehart E, Jackson M, Chiarello L. Healthcare Infection Control Practices Advisory Committee. Management of multi-drug-resistant organisms in healthcare settings. 2006. <http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dhqp/pdf/ar/mdroGuideline2006.pdf>.
3. Guh, A., Carling, P.C. and Environmental Evaluation Workgroup. December 2010. Options for Evaluating Environmental Cleaning. <http://www.cdc.gov/HAI/toolkits/Evaluating-Environmental-Cleaning.html>.
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5. Lewis et al. A modified ATP benchmark for evaluation of the cleaning efficacy of some hospital environmental surfaces. Journal of Hospital Infection. Journal of Hospital Infection 2008. Volume 69, p.156-163.
6. Sitzlar B, Deshpande A, Fertelli D, et al. An environmental disinfection odyssey: Evaluation of sequential interventions to improve disinfection of Clostridium difficile isolation rooms. The role of the environment in Infection Prevention May 2013. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology 34(4):459-465.

Appendix: Test Point, Mobile Equipment and High-Risk Area Recommendations

These are not exhaustive lists, but serve as a starting point for developing sample plans.

Test Points: Direct or close points of patient contact	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bed rails/controls*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Call box/button*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Tray table*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bedside table handle*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Telephone*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Patient T.V. remote
<input type="checkbox"/>	Patient hoists
<input type="checkbox"/>	IV pole (grab area)*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bedside chair
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bedside cabinet/locker
<input type="checkbox"/>	Room sink*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Room light switch*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Room inner door knob*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bathroom inner door knob/plate*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bathroom light switch*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bathroom handrails by toilet*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bathroom sink*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Toilet seat*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Toilet flush handle*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Toilet top surface
<input type="checkbox"/>	Toilet underside surface
<input type="checkbox"/>	Toilet bedpan cleaner*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mattresses

* Test point recommendations from the CDC *Environmental Checklist for Monitoring Terminal Cleaning*, a part of the CDC Options for Evaluating Environmental Cleaning Toolkit.

Test Points: Equipment	
<input type="checkbox"/>	IV pump control*
<input type="checkbox"/>	IV drip stand shafts
<input type="checkbox"/>	On-Off buttons syringe drivers
<input type="checkbox"/>	On-Off buttons feed pumps
<input type="checkbox"/>	On-Off buttons infusion pumps
<input type="checkbox"/>	On-Off buttons suction pumps
<input type="checkbox"/>	Multi-module monitor controls*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Multi-module monitor touch screen*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Multi-module monitor cabinets*
<input type="checkbox"/>	PC keyboard
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ventilator control panel*
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ventilator mute buttons
<input type="checkbox"/>	Blood pressure cuffs
<input type="checkbox"/>	Pulse oxymeter
<input type="checkbox"/>	Procedural equipment trays

Test Points: General Environmental	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Patient and bathroom door knobs
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bathroom floors
<input type="checkbox"/>	Trash lids
<input type="checkbox"/>	Drug fridge handles
<input type="checkbox"/>	Floor areas near patient bed
<input type="checkbox"/>	Floor areas under furniture
<input type="checkbox"/>	Floor areas under patient bed
<input type="checkbox"/>	Flush handle staff toilets
<input type="checkbox"/>	Internal and external door handles to side wards
<input type="checkbox"/>	Internal and external door handles to staff rooms
<input type="checkbox"/>	Internal and external door plates to side wards
<input type="checkbox"/>	Patient bed curtains — must be non-porous material
<input type="checkbox"/>	Nurses station work surface
<input type="checkbox"/>	Staff tap handles wash basins
<input type="checkbox"/>	Storage cupboards handles
<input type="checkbox"/>	Kitchen refrigerator handle
<input type="checkbox"/>	Kitchen work surface

High Risk Areas	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Intensive care units
<input type="checkbox"/>	Transplant units
<input type="checkbox"/>	Contact isolation rooms
<input type="checkbox"/>	Hemodialysis

Mobile Equipment	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mobile IV stands
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mobile blood pressure units
<input type="checkbox"/>	Cardiac arrest/crash carts
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mobile medical imaging
<input type="checkbox"/>	Drug cart
<input type="checkbox"/>	Warming cabinets
<input type="checkbox"/>	Anesthesia cart
<input type="checkbox"/>	Case carts
<input type="checkbox"/>	MRI equipment
<input type="checkbox"/>	Medication carts
<input type="checkbox"/>	Isolation carts
<input type="checkbox"/>	Medical computer carts



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