

Technical Specification Sheet



Columbia Broth

SKU: 700003440, 700003441, 700003442, 700003443
NCM0162

Intended Use

Columbia Broth is used for the cultivation of a wide variety of fastidious microorganisms in a laboratory setting. Columbia Broth is not intended for use in the diagnosis of disease or other conditions in humans.

Description

Columbia Broth is prepared according to the formula described by Morello and Ellner. During their study, Columbia Broth was developed as a medium for blood cultures and found superior to a commonly used broth for growth of *Staphylococcus aureus*, *E. coli*, and streptococci.

Typical Formulation

Enzymatic Digest of Casein	5.0 g/L
Enzymatic Digest of Animal Tissue	5.0 g/L
Yeast Extract	10.0 g/L
Enzymatic Digest of Heart Muscle	3.0 g/L
Sodium Chloride	5.0 g/L
Dextrose	2.5 g/L
L-Cystine	0.1 g/L
Magnesium Sulfate	0.1 g/L
Ferrous Sulfate	0.02 g/L
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	0.83 g/L
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane-HCl	2.86 g/L
Sodium Carbonate	0.6 g/L

Final pH 7.3 ± 0.2 at 25°C

Formula is adjusted and/or supplemented as required to meet performance specifications.

Precaution

Refer to SDS

Preparation

1. Dissolve 35 g of the medium in one liter of purified water.
2. Mix thoroughly.
3. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes.

Quality Control Specifications

Dehydrated Appearance: Powder is homogeneous, free flowing, and beige.

Prepared Appearance: Prepared broth is gold to amber, brilliant to clear and with trace to moderate precipitate.

Expected Cultural Response: Cultural response in Columbia Broth incubated at appropriate atmosphere and temperature and examined for growth at 1 – 3 days.

Record ID: FS-TSS-0306 Revision Number: 1.0 Effective Date: 2023-08-16 12:00 AM EDT



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Microorganism	Approx. Inoculum (CFU)	Expected Results
<i>Bacillus fragilis</i> ATCC® 25285	10 - 300	Growth
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC® 25922	10 - 300	Growth
<i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> ATCC® 13090	10 - 300	Growth
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> ATCC® 6305	10 - 300	Growth
<i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> ATCC® 19615	10 - 300	Growth

The organisms listed are the minimum that should be used for quality control testing.

Test Procedure

Process each sample as appropriate. Refer to correct references for specific procedures.

Results

Examine medium for growth. Gram-negative bacilli tend to grow diffusely, Gram-positive cocci exhibit puff-ball type growth, and strict aerobes, such as pseudomonads and yeast, usually grow in a thin layer on the surface of the broth. To ensure no growth is present, subculture inoculated and incubated Columbia Broth to appropriate non-selective media.

Expiration

Refer to expiration date stamped on the container. The dehydrated medium should be discarded if not free flowing, or if appearance has changed from the original color. Expiry applies to medium in its intact container when stored as directed.

Limitations of the Procedure

1. Due to nutritional variation, some strains may be encountered that grow poorly or fail to grow on this medium.
2. Opalescence in Columbia Broth cannot always be relied upon as evidence of bacterial growth.
3. It is possible for significant number of viable bacteria to be present in an inoculated and incubated blood culture bottle without the usual signs of bacterial growth.

Storage

Store dehydrated culture media at 2-30°C away from direct sunlight. Once opened and recapped, place container in a low humidity environment at the same storage temperature. Protect from moisture and light by keeping container tightly closed.

References

1. Morello, J. A., and P. D. Ellner. 1969. New medium for blood cultures. *Appl. Microbiol.* 17:68-07.
2. Isenberg, H. D. (ed.). 1992. *Clinical microbiology procedures handbook*, vol. 1 American Society for Microbiology, Washington, D.C.
3. Murray, P. R., E. J. Baron, M. A. Pfaller, F. C. Tenover, and R. H. Tenover (eds.). 1995. *Manual of clinical microbiology*, 6th ed. American Society of Microbiology, Washington, D.C.

